# Circular Arc Approximation of Pointwise Curves for Use in the NC Programming

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Preparatory Modelling Week

#### Outline

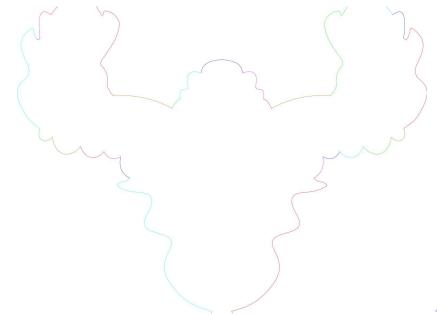
- Description of the Proposed Problem
- Wednesday Summary
- Proposed Solution
- 4 Results
- 5 Further Development

# Description of the Proposed Problem

- NC (Numerical Control) machine.
- Limitations of the device.
- Input:  $\{(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), (x_c, y_c), E\}$

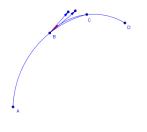


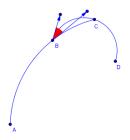
# Example Of An Industrial Component



# Wednesday Summary

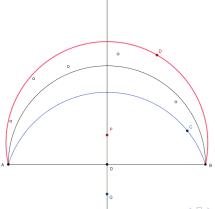
- We presented an algorithm consisting of two basic steps.
- Draw two arcs and compare the angle between them.





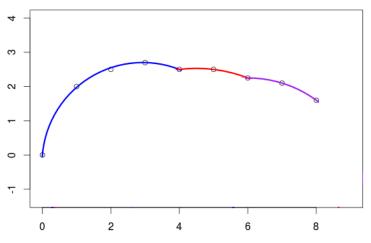
- If the angle is "sufficiently" small, try to find an "optimal" arc approximating all points.
- Continue in an iterative way.

- Let us draw two circular arcs I and m through the points A, B, C and A, B, D, respectively.
- Let K denote the set of all given points.
- ACB is the "smallest" arc
- ADB is the "biggest" arc
- Choose the center  $O \in [P, Q]$  for the "optimal" arc.

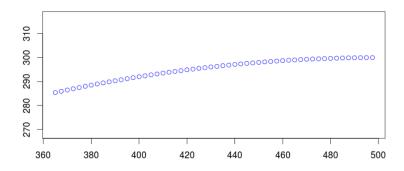


### Wednesday Summary

• Starting with a toy set of 9 points the following results were obtained



#### Results



#### Results



Arc	Error
Arc $\stackrel{\frown}{AB}$	0.0054
Arc $\widehat{BC}$	0.0041

Goal: Error below 0.01!

## Details of the Proposed Solution

- Let us perform the obtained algorithm with a predetermined tolerance level  $\varphi>0$  for the angle in radians between two consecutive circular arcs.
- Take one positive number m (m = 0.01 in our case).
- Let  $d_1, d_2, ..., d_n$  be the maximal Hausdorff distances of each circular arc to a nearby point.
- Let  $d = max(d_1, d_2, ..., d_n)$
- If d>m then perform the algorithm with  $\varphi:=\frac{\varphi}{10}$  until  $d\leq m$ .

## Further Development

- Algorithm improvements for complete automation of the process.
- We are interested in finding a way of applying the obtained algorithm for the case when the set of points resembles a closed curve.
- Some theoretical considerations.

# Finally...

# Thank you for your attention!